

## What is the difference between an invader and a settler?



## What I should already know

- The Stone Age was when early humans used tools from stone.
- The Bronze Age began when settlers arrived from Europe. These settlers brought with them ways of making tools from metal (bronze).
- The Iron Age lasted from 800 BC until the Roman invasion (AD43). This was when people used iron to make tools and weapons.
- In AD 43, the Romans first invaded Britain and Roman rule lasted until AD 410.

## What I will know by the end of the unit

- When the Romans left Britain in AD 410, the way was clear for the Angles, Saxons and Jutes to invade and then settle in Britain.
- The Anglo-Saxon settlers did not like Roman towns, preferring to build their own settlements containing Anglo-Saxon houses which were different from Roman houses. -They preferred to build wooden houses to stone houses and surrounded their settlements with high fences,
- Anglo-Saxon people dressed differently from the Romans.
- Anglo-Saxon villages were named after the local leader or chieftain. Society was organised based on loyalty to the local lord.
- The Anglo-Saxons had different gods, some of whose names survive in our names for the days of the week.
- St Augustine helped missionaries spread Christianity amongst the Anglo-Saxons.

## **The Saxons in Sussex**

- The South Saxons who came to prominence in West Sussex were led by a Chieftain called Aelle.
- One of his son's was called Cissa – under the Saxons, Chichester was called Cissa's Castre: Cissa's Camp.
- You can tell which places
  date back to Saxon times,
  because they have ing in
  them eg Ferring, Lancing.
  Bury means fortified place as
  in Bury and Chanctonbury.
  Ham means village eg
  Kingsham, Bosham,
  Eartham.

Hurst means wooded hill eg Midhurst, Billingshurst.

Vocabulary	
Angles	People from Germany who invaded Britain around AD 410
Anglo-Saxon	The name given to people from Germany who invaded Britain in AD 410.
Bede	English monk writer and teacher
Jutes	People from the Jutland peninsular (Germany and Southern Denmark) who invaded Britain around 410.
migration	Movement from one place to another in order to settle there.
Saxons	People from northern and central Germany who invaded Britain in AD 410.
Scots	People from Ireland who eventually settled in Scotland.

